

To teachers We have prepared worksheets to accompany the experiments in the instructions, which you can copy and use in your teaching.



Wind and Rubber Mechanisms (Type DXII) WORKSHEET

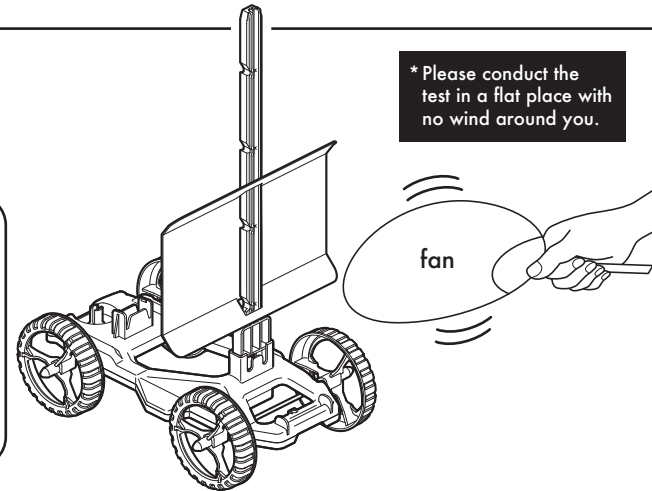
Name _____ Year _____ Class _____

Mechanism of the wind

Introduction

★ Let's make the wind car move

★ Write about your observation when you make the wind car move.



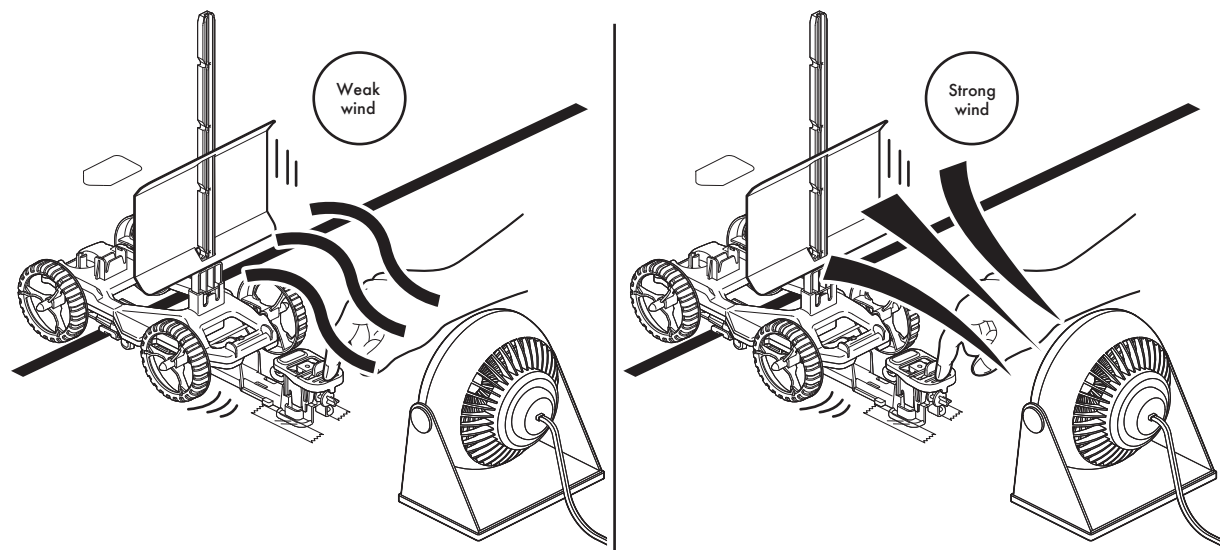
* Please conduct the test in a flat place with no wind around you.

Experiment

1

Strength of wind and movement of car

• Let's see if there is any difference in the speed of the wind when the wind is light and when it is strong.



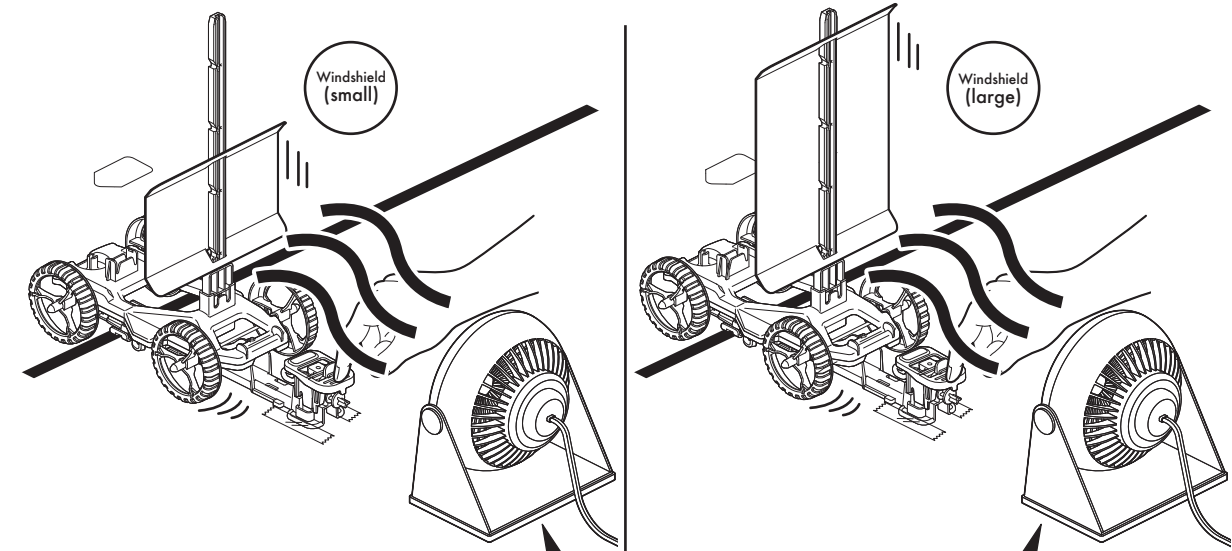
★ Let's summarize the strength of the wind and how the car moves in the table below.

		When the wind is weak		When the wind is strong	
Distance	1 st time	m	cm	m	cm
	2 nd time	m	cm	m	cm
	3 rd time	m	cm	m	cm
Summary					

Let's do it!

The size of the windshield and how it affects the movement of the car

• Find out if there is a difference in distance the vehicle can run depending on the size of the windshield.



The strength of the wind from the air blower should be the same.

★ The table below summarizes the size of the windshield and how the car moves.

		Windshield (small)		Windshield (large)	
Distance	1 st time	m	cm	m	cm
	2 nd time	m	cm	m	cm
	3 rd time	m	cm	m	cm
Summary					

★ Write the words in () about the wind and the distance between the two objects.

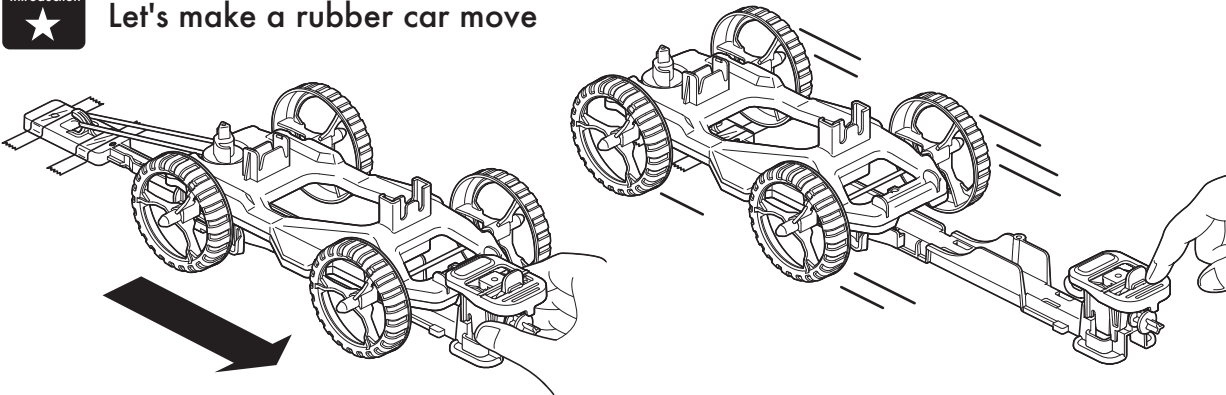
- When the wind is weak, the distance between the objects becomes (), and the distance between the objects becomes () when the wind is strong.
- The () the area exposed to the wind, the shorter the distance traveled; the () the area exposed to the wind, the longer the distance traveled.

★ Discuss and summarise how you can use the wind to move the objects.

Mechanism of rubber band

Introduction

Let's make a rubber car move



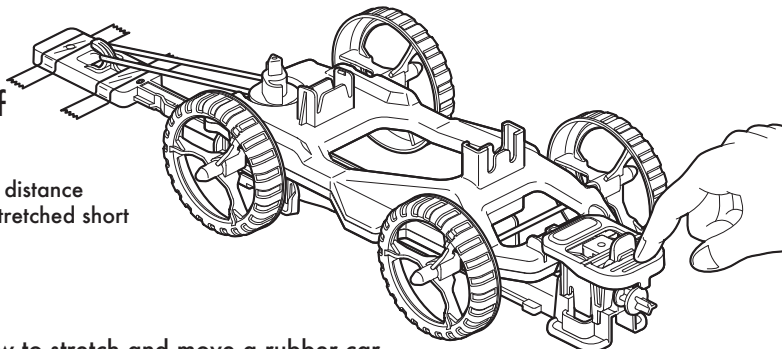
☆ Let's move the rubber car and write down our observation!

Experiment

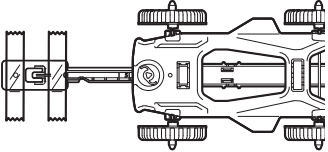
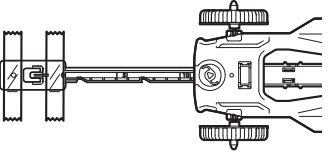
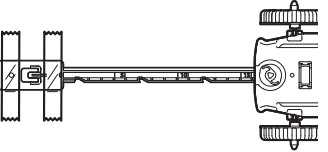
2

Stretching of rubber band and movement of the car

- Let's find out if there is a difference in the distance the car travels when the rubber band is stretched short and when it is stretched long.



☆ Let's summarise in the table below how to stretch and move a rubber car.

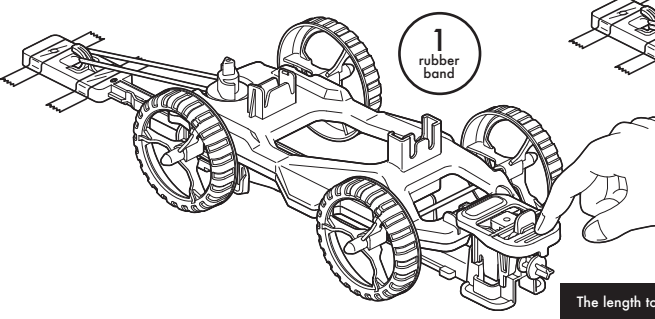
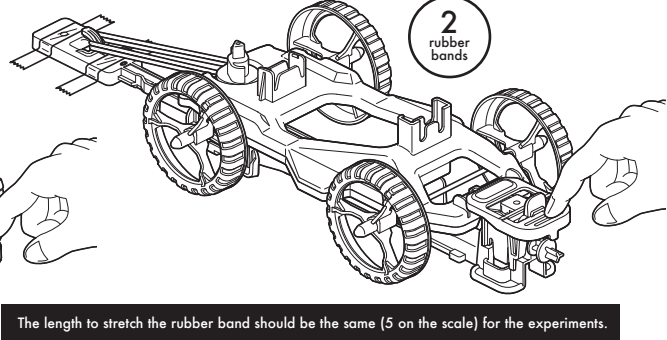
				
Distance	1 st time	m cm	m cm	m cm
	2 nd time	m cm	m cm	m cm
	3 rd time	m cm	m cm	m cm
Summary				

Experiment

3

Number of rubber band and how the car moves

- Use two small rubber bands to see if there is a difference in the distance you run compared to one rubber band.

The length to stretch the rubber band should be the same (5 on the scale) for the experiments.

☆ Let's summarize how the number of rubber bands and the way the car moves in the table below.

		When there is only 1 rubber band		When there are 2 rubber bands	
Distance	1 st time	m	cm	m	cm
	2 nd time	m	cm	m	cm
	3 rd time	m	cm	m	cm
Summary					

☆ From experiment 2 and 3, write the words in () about the distance between the rubber bands and the car's movement.

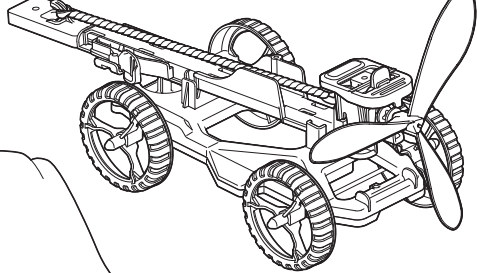
- When the rubber is stretched to a () length, the distance travelled by the object is shorter; when the rubber is stretched to a () length, the distance travelled by the object is longer.
- As the number of rubbers band increases, the distance the object moves becomes ().

☆ Let's discuss and summarize how to use the strength of the rubber band to make something move.


Let's do it!

Let's run a propeller car

☆ Write about your impressions of driving a propeller car and spinning a top.



Propeller car



Spinning top